

DEPARTMENT 13 — VEGETABLES

1. In selecting vegetables for exhibition, choose such specimens that would bring the highest market price. Do not select the largest, select medium-size specimens. If at all possible, do not mix varieties.

2. The following factors are generally used by an expert vegetable judge:

a. Trueness to variety type. If at all possible, pick the specimens from one variety.

b. Uniformity in shape, size and color.

c. Be sure to pick out a perfect specimen, then select the others as similar to it as possible. Never mix specimens of different maturity.

d. Protect from dirt, disease, infection and mechanical damage. Select specimens that are perfect and show no blemishes of any kind.

e. Condition and maturity. Be sure exhibits are of high quality.

f. Potatoes should not be washed. Remove soil using a soft cloth or brush.

g. Tomatoes should have stems removed. Carrots, beets, etc. should have tops (leaves) removed from vegetables leaving about 2-inch stems.

3. Read premium material, carefully following all rules and regulations. If an entry calls for five specimens, be sure to exhibit that number; do not enter four or six. In any instance, exhibits will be disqualified if the correct number of specimens is not entered.

4. Small gummed labels or rubber stamps are time-saving in filling out tags.

CLASS	1st	2nd	3rd
1. Beans, dry shelled — one pint	\$4	\$3	\$2
2. Beans, green shelled — one pint.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
3. Beans, lima — one pint (not shelled).....	\$4	\$3	\$2
4. Beans, Pole type — one pint	\$4	\$3	\$2
5. Beans, Snap (green) — one pint	\$4	\$3	\$2
6. Beans, Snap (yellow) — one pint.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
7. Beets — five specimens, topped	\$4	\$3	\$2
8. Broccoli — one large head	\$4	\$3	\$2
9. Brussel Sprouts — one pint.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
10. Cabbage — one head.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. White		c. Early Pointed	
b. Red		d. Flat	
11. Carrots — five roots, topped.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Half Long		c. Small Baby Cut	
b. Long			
12. Cauliflower — one head	\$4	\$3	\$2
13. Celery — one plant in soil.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
14. Corn, sweet bi-color — five ears (husks on)	\$4	\$3	\$2
15. Corn, sweet yellow — five ears (husks on)	\$4	\$3	\$2
16. Corn, sweet white — five ears (husks on).....	\$4	\$3	\$2
17. Cucumbers	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Pickling (under 3") 10 specimens			
b. Pickles (3"-5") 5 specimens			
c. Slicing (over 5") 5 specimens			
18. Eggplant — one specimen.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
19. Garlic — one bulb.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
20. Gourds — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Mixed (five)		c. Collection	
b. One Variety (five)		(six or more attractively displayed)	
21. Herbs — one bunch.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Basil		d. Mint	
b. Chives		e. Sage	
c. Dill		f. Other	
22. Honeydew — one specimen.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
23. Kale — one plant in moist soil	\$4	\$3	\$2
24. Kohlrabi — one plant in soil.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
25. Lettuce — one plant in moist soil	\$4	\$3	\$2
26. Muskmelon — one specimen	\$4	\$3	\$2
27. Okra — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
28. Onion, sets — one pint mature, dry	\$4	\$3	\$2
29. Onion, white — five mature bulbs	\$4	\$3	\$2
30. Onions, yellow — five mature bulbs.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
31. Onions, red — five mature bulbs	\$4	\$3	\$2
32. Parsley — two bunches	\$4	\$3	\$2
33. Parsnips — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
34. Peas — one pint.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
35. Peppers, hot long type — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
36. Peppers, hot round type — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
37. Peppers, hot small type — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
38. Peppers, Jalapeno — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
39. Peppers, sweet green — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
40. Peppers, sweet red — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
41. Peppers, sweet yellow — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
42. Peppers, cayenne long — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
43. Potatoes, five tubers.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. White		b. Red	
44. Potatoes, sweet — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
45. Pumpkin, field — one	\$4	\$3	\$2
46. Pumpkin, largest with weight attached.....	\$6	\$4	\$3
47. Pumpkin, ornamental — one	\$4	\$3	\$2
48. Pumpkin, pie — one	\$4	\$3	\$2
49. Rhubarb — three stalks, tied together	\$4	\$3	\$2
50. Rutabagas — three specimens, topped.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
51. Squash, summer type — one	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Crookneck		d. Yellow Zucchini	
b. Straightneck		e. Other	
c. Green Zucchini			
52. Squash, winter type — one.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
a. Acorn, green		d. Buttercup	

	b. Acorn, Yellow	e. Other		
	c. Butternut			
53.	Swiss Chard — one plant in soil	\$4	\$3	\$2
54.	Tomatoes, large green — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
55.	Tomatoes, large Italian — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
56.	Tomatoes, large pink — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
57.	Tomatoes, large red — five specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
58.	Tomatoes, large yellow — five specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
59.	Tomatoes, small cherry — 10 specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
60.	Tomatoes, small green — 10 specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
61.	Tomatoes, small pear — 10 specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
62.	Tomatoes, small plum — 10 specimens	\$4	\$3	\$2
63.	Tomatoes, small grape — 10 specimens.....	\$4	\$2	\$2
64.	Turnips — three specimens.....	\$4	\$3	\$2
65.	Watermelon, midget — one specimen.....	\$4	\$2	\$2
66.	Watermelon, oval — one specimen	\$4	\$3	\$2
67.	Watermelon, round — one specimen	\$4	\$3	\$2
68.	Market basket — five or more vegetables attractively displayed	\$6	\$4	\$3